

"Cooperation of 3rd Sector Organisations with ÚVTOS (Institute for the execution of prison sentences) in Slovakia ("Bridges" in SNN NP - National project Chance to return 2)"

Prague, PhDr. Blanka Šimčisková, PhD.

Date: 11.06.2025





This presentation is part of the WORKPRIS Workshop **Engagement of TSO and prison services in Europe**

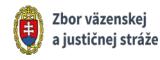
The project is co-funded by the European Union. However, the views and opinions expressed are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union or the OeAD-GmbH. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.



O PROJEKTE

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

- Názov projektu [Project name]: Šanca na návrat/Šanca na návrat 2 [Chance for Reentry 1/Chance for Reentry 2]
- Operačný program [Operational programme]: Ľudské zdroje/Program Slovensko
- Žiadateľ [Applicant]: Generálne riaditeľstvo Zboru väzenskej a justičnej stráže
- Partneri [Partners]: 10/18 ÚVV a ÚVTOS, Ministerstvo práce, sociálnych vecí a rodiny SR/ Ministerstvo spravodlivosti SR
- Implementácia [Implementation]: 10/2018 09/2023/10/2023 06/2029
- Rozpočet [Budget]: 14 082 772,10 €/17 997 236,98 €
- **Hlavný cieľ [Main goal]**: U osôb vo výkone trestu odňatia slobody znížiť riziká sociálneho vylúčenia a zvýšiť kompetencie pri uplatnení sa na trhu práce. [To reduce the risks of social exclusion and increase the labour market competences of persons serving a prison sentence.]





DISLOKÁCIA ÚSTAVOV [PRISON LOCATIONS]

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

Geographical coverage: whole SR

Levels of surveillance: all

Sentenced: men, women, juveniles







PINOVATÍVNE PRÍSTUPY [INNOVATIVE ACTIVITIES]

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

- Výstupné oddiely [Reentry Units] kapacita/capacity: 12-42 (convicts)
- Resocializačné a výchovné vzdelávacie programy [Resocialization & Educational Programmes]
- Hodnotiace nástroje [Tools for evaluation/assessment]
- Informačno-komunikačné technológie (HOLUP, bezpečný internet) / [IT] (Safe internet)





VÝSTUPNÉ ODDIELY [REENTRY UNITS]

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

- 18 VODD /reentry units
- Men/women/ young people



Zbor väzenskej a justičnej stráže

ŠANCA

NA NÁVRAT

Špecializované RaVVP [Specialized Resocialization & Educational Programmes] Národný projekt

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

- 1. Reštart [Restart]
- 2. Rodina a vzťahy [Family and relationships]
- 3. Život v komunite [Life in a community]
- 4. Rozdielnosť nás spája [Diversity unites us]
- 5. Finančná gramotnosť [Financial literacy]
- 6. Zamestnanosť [Employment]
- 7. Druhá šanca [Second chance]
- 8. Chcem sa zmeniť [I want to change]
- 9. Multifaktoriálny resocializačný a výchovný vzdelávací program pre ženy
 [Multifactorial Resocialization and Educational Programme for Women]







Vision:

Collaboration with public, private and third sector actors with the participation of the convicted person in order to 'bridge' the assistance into everyday life.

Objective:

Linking activities in the penitentiary and post-penitentiary spheres, improving the effectiveness of post-release resocialisation of convicts, social inclusion of disadvantaged and vulnerable persons, reduction of recidivism - safety of society, prevention.





LÍNIE MOSTY - CPP



83,03% of convicts have debts 42,78% debts > 2 500 € 40,25% debts < 2 500 €

Objective of cooperation: providing legal aid to convicts + debt relief.

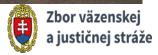
DG ZVJS - Legal Aid Centre

'Cooperation Agreement' concluded 01/2020 - 10 partner institutes

'Supplement to the Cooperation Agreement' concluded 12/2021 - all institutes of ZVJS SR

implementation of consultations by CPP staff with convicted persons training of ZVJS staff by CPP stafflist of employers/ good practice







LINE BRIDGES - EMPLOYMENT

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

45.6% unemployed continuously for 12 months prior to entering prison

Goal of cooperation: establishing cooperation with employers and employment agencies, social

enterprises, NGOs,

assisting convicts in orienting themselves on the labour market when looking for a job,

selecting major employers with 'added value':

social inclusion for released/mentoring

webex interviews

information campaign

networking

selection procedures - individual job interviews

information campaign for convicted persons

list of employers/good practice - 25









LÍNIE MOSTY - ADDICTIONS

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

61.41 % of convicts show signs of dependence

Objective of cooperation: smooth transition and support of convicts showing signs of addiction to voluntary entry into a treatment, after-treatment or residential re-socialisation programme, whole-system coordination and unification of procedures. From 12/2019 – present

Selection criteria: shows signs of addiction problems (substance or non-substance), shows interest in attending voluntary treatment or post-release resocialisation stay in a designated facility, is free of health insurance arrears

Pilot verification, in 10 partner institutions - preparing the convicted person to enter a designated facility for the purpose of attending voluntary addiction treatment (inpatient or outpatient) or a residential resocialisation programme after release from imprisonment.





COOPERATING ORGANISATIONS

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

DG ZVJS - 10 partner institutes - 9+3 organizations'Cooperation

Agreements' in 6/2021CDR - Centers for Children and Families for
the implementation of the resocialization program

- RETEST, n.o., Bratislava
- Komunita Ľudovítov, Palárikovo Ľudovítov
- NÁVRAT RDZO, Zvolen
- Gréckokatolícka charita Domov nádeje, Prešov

HEALTH CARE FACILITIES - Drug treatment centres

- Psychiatrická nemocnica P. Pinela, Pezinok
- CPLDZ, Košice
- CPLDZ, Banská Bystrica
- OLÚp, Predná Hora

Ambulatory care

- Lepšia cesta,n. o. Pezinok
- CPIS Budúcnosť, Nitra
- Združenie STORM, Nitra
- Trojlístok, n.o., Prešov









MOSTY – Závislosti

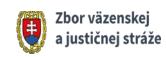
Informatívny manuál pre pracovníkov VODD k zabezpečovaniu nadväznej starostlivosti o prepustené osoby po ukončení výkonu trestu odňatia slobody, ktoré vykazujú znaky závislosti













COOPERATION BETWEEN THE AUTHORITIES AND THE MVO - SURVEY

Národný projekt

ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

Analysis of responses from third sector organisations and ÚVTOS (Institute for the execution of prison sentences) staff on WFD/2025

Aim:

to assess the quality and effectiveness of collaboration between ÚVTOS (Institute for the execution of prison sentences) and NGOs in addressing the needs and risks of people in WASH.

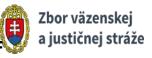
Format:

online questionnaire with open and semi-structured questions

Data collection: April-May 2025

Respondents: representatives of the prison service and cooperating NGOs. Involvement of 18 CVTOS SR/24 NGOs active in the field of counselling, employment and education.

Analysis: thematic categorisation of responses + quantitative grouping of responses into areas of importance





THE VIEW OF THE PRISON STAFF

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

Benefits of cooperation Contribution of practitioners
/ willingness and helpfulness of staff- Individual
approach to troubled persons- Improved
resocialisation outcomes- Well-functioning
networking and partnerships- Practical assistance
(courses, counselling, debt resolution)- Long-term
and systematic cooperation with institutions

Risks of cooperation- Unequal quality and expertise of NGO staff- Ignorance of the regime and rules- Non-compliance with security measures- Duplication and uncoordinated activities- Risk of manipulation by convicts- Instability or disappearance of NGOs

Benefits - Risks -Recommendations -Suggestions

Recommendations for risk prevention- Establish criteria for selection of NGOs- Training for NGOs before joining the institute on the institute's regime- Educating NGOs on the ZVJS system-Coordination calendar of activities- Preference for stable partners- Feedback system between ZVJS and NGOs

Initiatives to improve cooperation- Establish a coordinator position for external cooperation- Create an entry program for NGOs- Introduce a mechanism to evaluate cooperation- Support bridge programs (prison-community)- Make successful cooperation more visible





THE VIEW OF THE MVO STAFF

Národný projekt ŠANCA NA NÁVRAT

Benefits of cooperation - Willingness and accessibility-Cooperation and networking- Practical assistance and interventions Risks/barriers to cooperation- Insufficient staff capacity-Communication and coordination problems (e.g. deadlines, information)- Administrative constraints-Limited time to implement activities

Výhody – riziká odporúčania - podnety

Recommendations for risk prevention- Regular communication with the management of the institute-Joint planning of activities- Clear rules and responsibilities- Supervision of staff

Incentives to improve cooperation- Strengthen staff capacity and expertise- Reduce administrative burden for inputs- Ensure systematic financial support - Streamline communication and feedback between actors







Examples of good cooperation:

Lectures on debt, legal awareness, employment

Supporting organisations after the release of convicts

Coordination of activities and exchange of experience between institutions

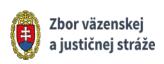
Personal visits of partners to institutions

Selected quotes - individual statements on the positives:

"Within our institution we have clearly assigned roles on who cooperates and on which programmes. We have an overview of the days (within the working month) when the convicts are at work (info provided by email from the responsible staff at each site)."

'We communicate with our colleagues either by phone, email or in person during joint work meetings and pass on our experiences or ideas for future practice.

"Satisfaction is on the clients' side, even with convicts at higher risk of reoffending"







The results point to:

the need for systemic solutions in the areas of coordination, funding and availability of services,

the need to create conditions for stable partnerships that are also supported legislatively and financially,

the third sector plays an indispensable role in the process of re-socialisation and transition back into society.

Conclusion and recommendations for practice:

cooperation is evaluated positively but needs systemic support,

organisations ask for less bureaucracy and more practical help,

create conditions for professional development, exchange of experience and support for sustainability of activities.







<u>Ďakujem za pozornosť!</u>

Thank you for your attention!

Generálne riaditeľstvo

Zboru väzenskej a justičnej stráže

Odbor projektov a stratégií

Šagátova 1, 821 08 Bratislava

+421/2/20831820

www.zvjs.sk

